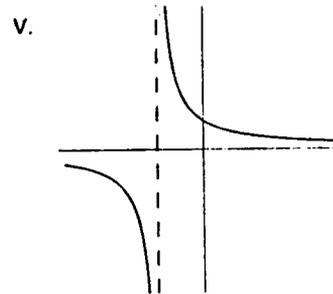
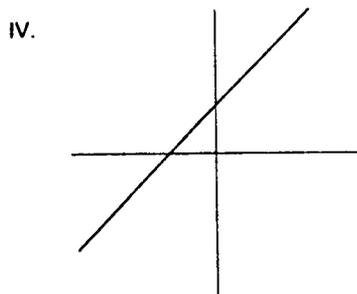
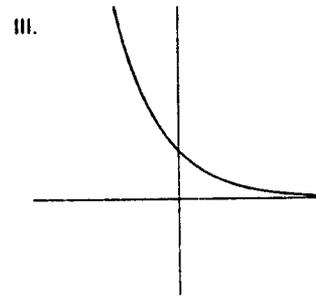
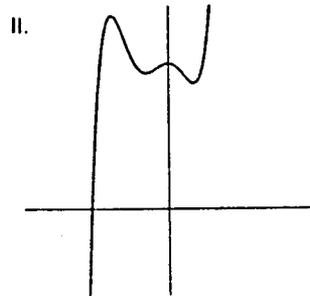
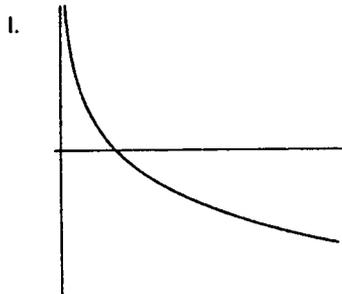


TEST 1

1. Match the following graphs with the formulas.



- (a)  $\ln(e^x) + 1$
- (b)  $-2 \ln x$
- (c)  $e^{-x}$
- (d)  $x^5 + 2x^4 - x^3 - 2x^2 + 5$
- (e)  $\frac{1}{x+1}$

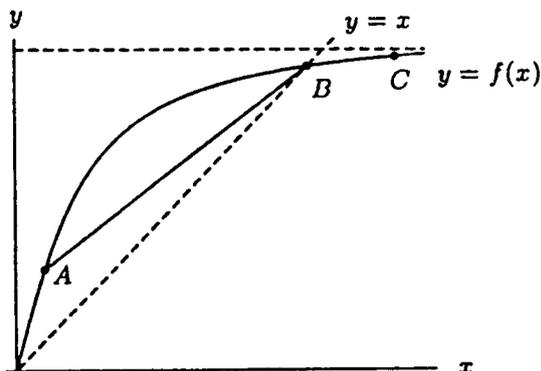
2. Give expressions for  $f(x)$ ,  $g(x)$ ,  $h(x)$  which agree with the following table of values.

$x$	$f(x)$	$g(x)$	$h(x)$
0	-7	0	-
1	-4	2	5
2	-1	8	2.50
3	2	18	1.66...
4	5	32	1.25
5	8	50	1

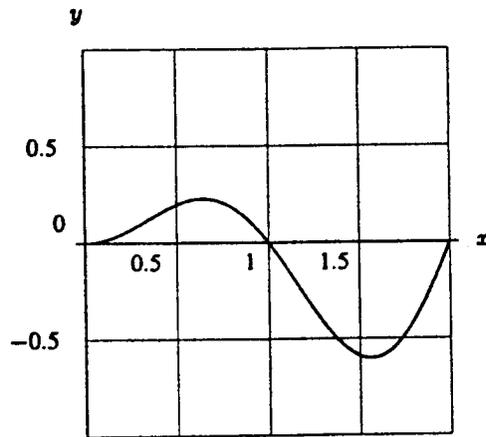
3. You are offered two jobs starting on July 1<sup>st</sup> of 1994. Firm A offers you \$40,000 a year to start and you can expect an annual raise of 4% every July 1<sup>st</sup>. At firm B you would start at \$30,000 but can expect an annual 6% increase every July 1<sup>st</sup>. On July 1<sup>st</sup> of which year would the job at firm B first pay more than the job at firm A?

4. If the graph of  $y = f(x)$  is shown below, arrange in ascending order (i.e., smallest first, largest last):

$f'(A)$     $f'(B)$     $f'(C)$    slope  $AB$    the number 1   the number 0



5. Below is the graph of a function  $f$ . Sketch the graph of its derivative  $f'$  on the same axes.

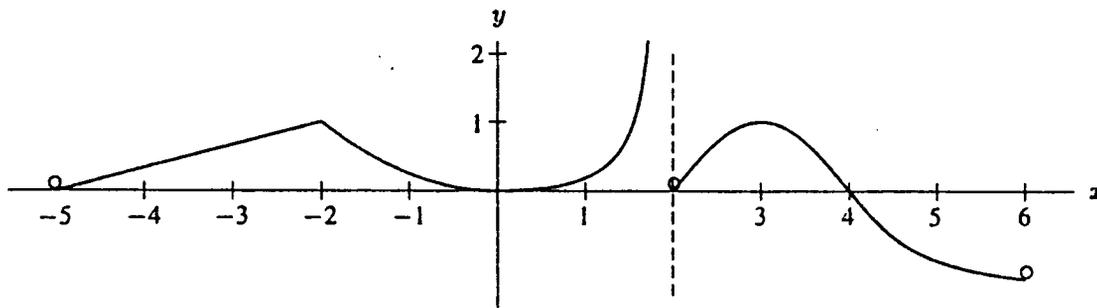


6. Given the following data about a function  $f$ ,

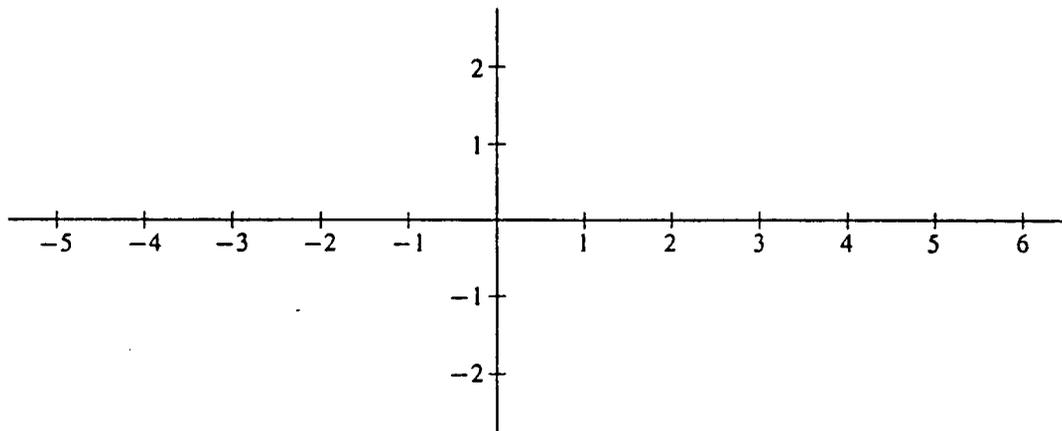
$x$	3.0	3.2	3.4	3.6	3.8
$f(x)$	8.2	9.5	10.5	11.0	13.2

- (a) Estimate  $f'(3.2)$  and  $f'(3.5)$ .  
(b) Give the average rate of change of  $f$  between  $x = 3.0$  and  $x = 3.8$ .  
(c) Give the equation of the tangent line at  $x = 3.2$ .

7. Consider the function  $y = f(x)$  graphed below. (Notice that  $f(x)$  is defined for  $-5 < x < 6$ , except  $x = 2$ .)



- For what values of  $x$  (in the domain of  $f$ ) is  $f'(x) = 0$ ?
- For what values of  $x$  (in the domain of  $f$ ) is  $f'(x)$  positive?
- For what values of  $x$  (in the domain of  $f$ ) is  $f'(x)$  negative?
- For what values of  $x$  (in the domain of  $f$ ) is  $f'(x)$  undefined?
- Based on your answers to the above questions, make a sketch of  $y = f'(x)$  on the axes below. Make your sketch as precise as possible.

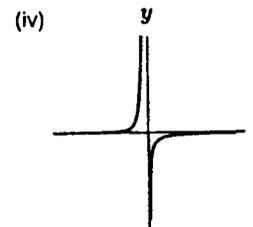
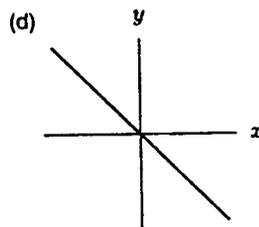
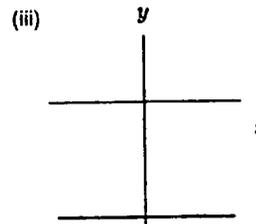
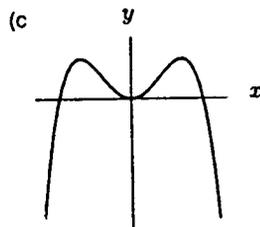
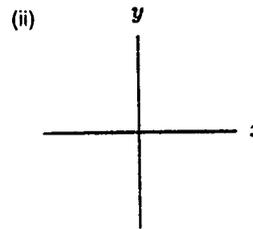
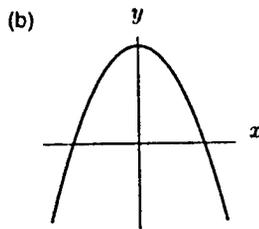
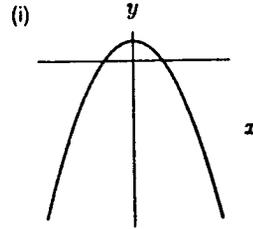
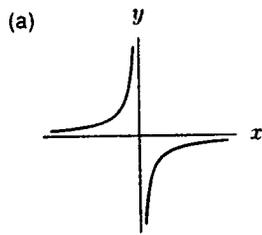


8. Suppose that  $f(T)$  is the cost to heat my house, in dollars per day, when the outside temperature is  $T$  degrees Fahrenheit.
- What does  $f'(23) = -0.17$  mean?
  - If  $f(23) = 7.54$  and  $f'(23) = -0.17$ , approximately what is the cost to heat my house when the outside temperature is  $20^\circ\text{F}$ ?

9. Each graph in the right-hand column below represents the *second* derivative of some function shown in the left-hand column. Match the functions and their second derivatives.

Functions

Second Derivatives



- Function (a) has second derivative  (i)  (ii)  (iii)  (iv)
- Function (b) has second derivative  (i)  (ii)  (iii)  (iv)
- Function (c) has second derivative  (i)  (ii)  (iii)  (iv)
- Function (d) has second derivative  (i)  (ii)  (iii)  (iv)

10. The cost of mining a ton of coal is rising faster every year. Suppose  $C(t)$  is the cost of mining a ton of coal at time  $t$ .

- (a) Which of the following must be positive? (Circle those which are.)
- (i)  $C(t)$
  - (ii)  $C'(t)$
  - (iii)  $C''(t)$
- (b) Which of the following must be increasing? (Circle those which are.)
- (i)  $C(t)$
  - (ii)  $C'(t)$
  - (iii)  $C''(t)$
- (c) Which of the following must be concave up? (Circle those which are.)
- (i)  $C(t)$
  - (ii)  $C'(t)$
  - (iii)  $C''(t)$

## EXTRA CREDIT

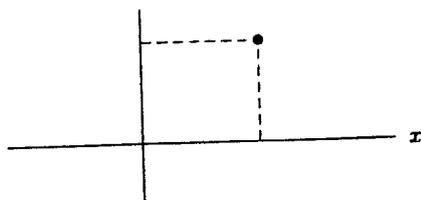
11. Given the following data about a function,  $f$ ,

$x$	3	3.5	4	4.5	5	5.5	6
$f(x)$	10	8	7	4	2	0	-1

- Estimate  $f'(4.25)$  and  $f'(4.75)$ .
- Estimate the rate of change of  $f'$  at  $x = 4.5$ .
- Find, approximately, an equation of the tangent line at  $x = 4.5$ .
- Use the tangent line to estimate  $f(4.75)$ .
- Estimate the derivative of  $f^{-1}$  at 2.

12. On the axes below, sketch a smooth, continuous curve (i.e., no sharp corners, no breaks) which passes through the point  $P(3, 4)$ , and which clearly satisfies the following conditions:

- Concave up to the left of  $P$
- Concave down to the right of  $P$
- Increasing for  $x > 0$
- Decreasing for  $x < 0$
- Does *not* pass through the origin.

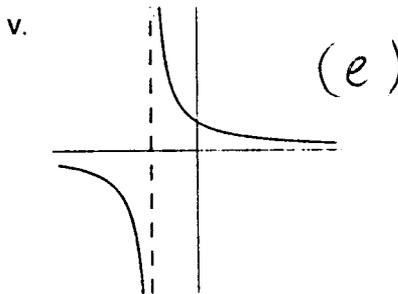
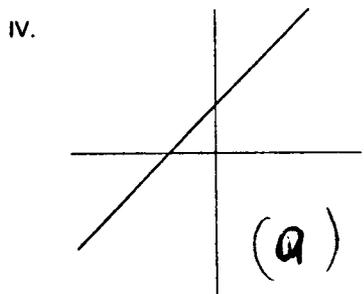
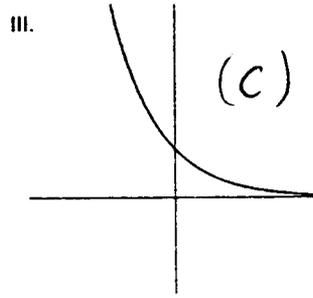
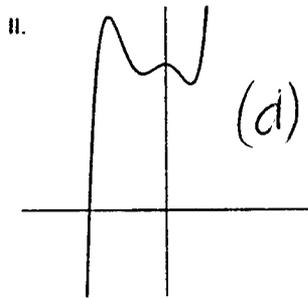
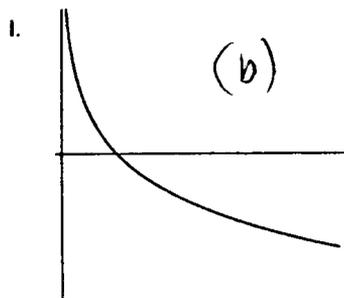


TEST 1

53 + 10 Ex.c.

1. Match the following graphs with the formulas.

5



- IV (a)  $\ln(e^x) + 1$
- I (b)  $-2 \ln x$
- III (c)  $e^{-x}$
- II (d)  $x^5 + 2x^4 - x^3 - 2x^2 + 5$
- V (e)  $\frac{1}{x+1}$

2. Give expressions for  $f(x), g(x), h(x)$  which agree with the following table of values.

6

$x$	$f(x)$	$g(x)$	$h(x)$
0	-7	0	-
1	-4	2	5
2	-1	8	2.50
3	2	18	1.66...
4	5	32	1.25
5	8	50	1

$$f(x) = 3x - 7$$

$$g(x) = 2x^2$$

$$h(x) = \frac{5}{x}$$

3. You are offered two jobs starting on July 1<sup>st</sup> of 1994. Firm A offers you \$40,000 a year to start and you can expect an annual raise of 4% every July 1<sup>st</sup>. At firm B you would start at \$30,000 but can expect an annual 6% increase every July 1<sup>st</sup>. On July 1<sup>st</sup> of which year would the job at firm B first pay more than the job at firm A?

$$P_A = 40,000 (1.04)^t \quad P_B = 30,000 (1.06)^t$$

$$A=B \quad P_A = P_B$$

$$40,000 (1.04)^t = 30,000 (1.06)^t$$

$$\left(\frac{1.04}{1.06}\right)^t = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$t \cdot \ln\left(\frac{1.04}{1.06}\right) = \ln\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)$$

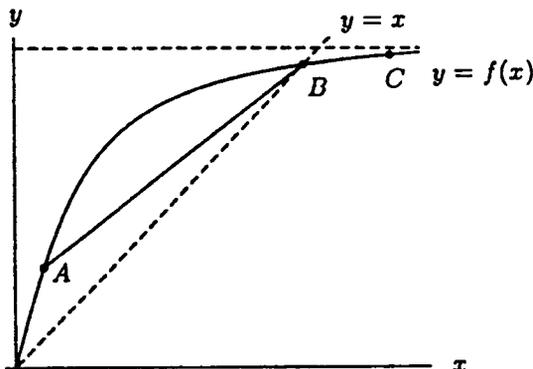
$$t \approx 15.1$$

$$1994 + 16 = \text{2010}$$

Ans. On July 1<sup>st</sup> 2010 the job at firm B would first pay more than the job at firm A.

4. If the graph of  $y = f(x)$  is shown below, arrange in ascending order (i.e., smallest first, largest last):

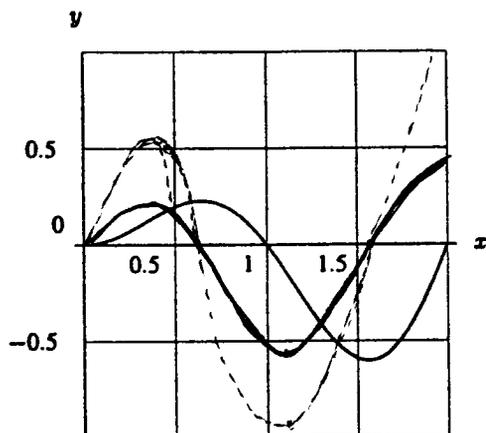
$f'(A)$     $f'(B)$     $f'(C)$    slope AB   the number 1   the number 0



$$0 < f'(C) < f'(B) < \text{slope AB} < 1 < f'(A)$$

5. Below is the graph of a function  $f$ . Sketch the graph of its derivative  $f'$  on the same axes.

5



6. Given the following data about a function  $f$ ,

6

$x$	3.0	3.2	3.4	3.6	3.8
$f(x)$	8.2	9.5	10.5	11.0	13.2

- (a) Estimate  $f'(3.2)$  and  $f'(3.5)$ .  
 (b) Give the average rate of change of  $f$  between  $x = 3.0$  and  $x = 3.8$ .  
 (c) Give the equation of the tangent line at  $x = 3.2$ .

$$(a) \quad f'(3.2) \approx \frac{10.5 - 8.2}{0.4} = \frac{2.3}{0.4} = 5.75$$

$$f'(3.5) \approx \frac{11 - 10.5}{0.2} = \frac{0.5}{0.2} = 2.5$$

$$(b) \quad \frac{13.2 - 8.2}{0.8} = \frac{5}{0.8} = 6.25$$

$$(c) \quad m = f'(3.2), \quad \text{point } (3.2, 9.5)$$

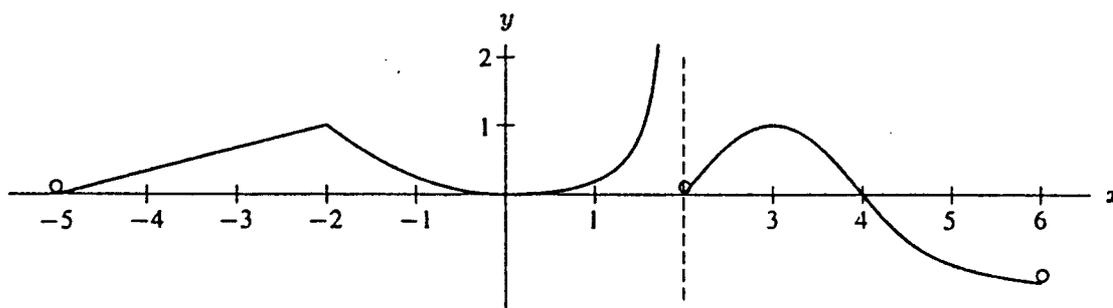
$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 9.5 = 5.75(x - 3.2)$$

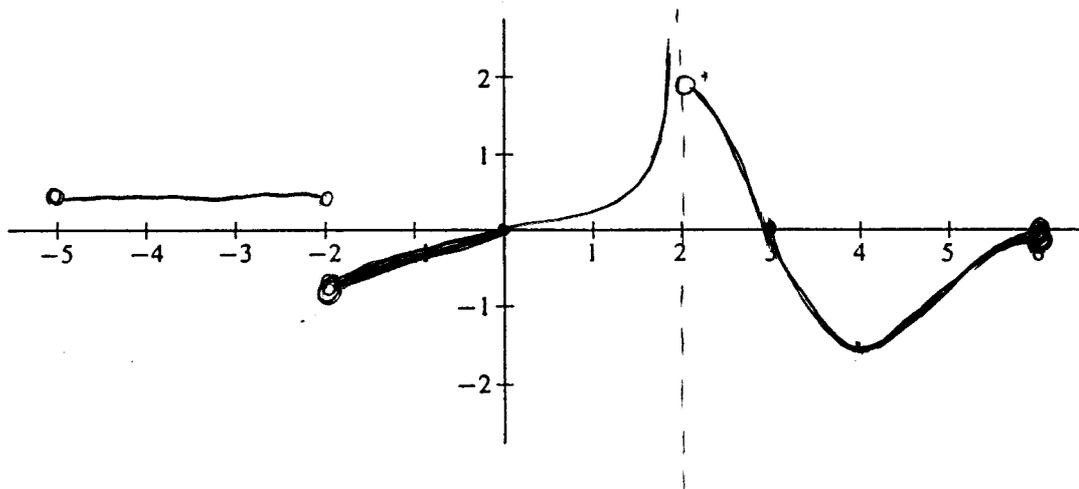
$$y = 5.75x - 8.9$$

7. Consider the function  $y = f(x)$  graphed below. (Notice that  $f(x)$  is defined for  $-5 < x < 6$ , except  $x = 2$ .)

6



- (a) For what values of  $x$  (in the domain of  $f$ ) is  $f'(x) = 0$ ?  $x = 0, x = 3$   
 (b) For what values of  $x$  (in the domain of  $f$ ) is  $f'(x)$  positive?  $-5 < x < -2, 0 < x < 2, 2 < x < 3$   
 (c) For what values of  $x$  (in the domain of  $f$ ) is  $f'(x)$  negative?  $(-2, 0), (3, 6)$   
 (d) For what values of  $x$  (in the domain of  $f$ ) is  $f'(x)$  undefined?  $x = 2$   
 (e) Based on your answers to the above questions, make a sketch of  $y = f'(x)$  on the axes below. Make your sketch as precise as possible.



$f'(23) = -0.17$  means that when the temperature outside is  $23^\circ\text{F}$ , the cost of heating the house will decrease by a rate of approximately 17¢ per day for each degree above 23.

8. Suppose that  $f(T)$  is the cost to heat my house, in dollars per day, when the outside temperature is  $T$  degrees Fahrenheit.

4

- (a) What does  $f'(23) = -0.17$  mean?  
 (b) If  $f(23) = 7.54$  and  $f'(23) = -0.17$ , approximately what is the cost to heat my house when the outside temperature is  $20^\circ\text{F}$ ?

(a) If the outside temperature is  $23^\circ\text{F}$ , the cost to heat my house decreases 17¢, when the temperature increases  $1^\circ\text{F}$ .

(b)  $3 \times .17 = .51$

$7.54 + .51 = 8.05$

The cost will be approximately \$ 8.05.

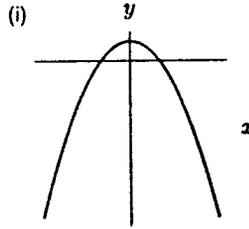
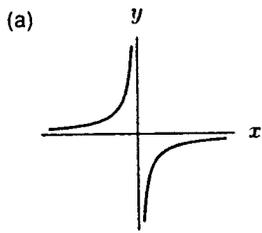
9.

Each graph in the right-hand column below represents the *second* derivative of some function shown in the left-hand column. Match the functions and their second derivatives.

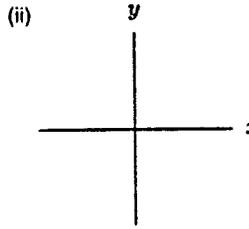
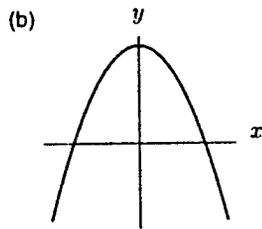
Functions

Second Derivatives

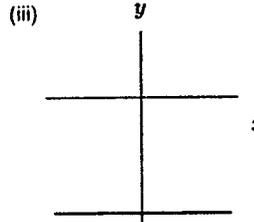
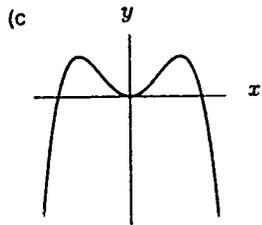
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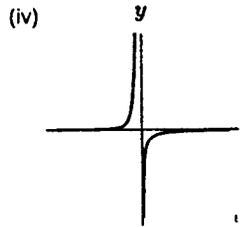
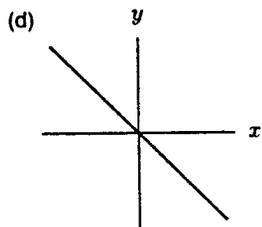
C



d



b



a

Function (a) has second derivative

Function (b) has second derivative

Function (c) has second derivative

Function (d) has second derivative

iv  
iii  
i  
ii

10.

The cost of mining a ton of coal is rising faster every year. Suppose  $C(t)$  is the cost of mining a ton of coal at time  $t$ .

6

(a) Which of the following must be positive? (Circle those which are.)

(i)  $C(t)$

(ii)  $C'(t)$

(iii)  $C''(t)$

(b) Which of the following must be increasing? (Circle those which are.)

(i)  $C(t)$

(ii)  $C'(t)$

(iii)  $C''(t)$

(c) Which of the following must be concave up? (Circle those which are.)

(i)  $C(t)$

(ii)  $C'(t)$

(iii)  $C''(t)$

EXTRA CREDIT

11. Given the following data about a function,  $f$ ,

$x$	3	3.5	4	4.5	5	5.5	6
$f(x)$	10	8	7	4	2	0	-1

- (a) Estimate  $f'(4.25)$  and  $f'(4.75)$ .  
 (b) Estimate the rate of change of  $f'$  at  $x = 4.5$ .  
 (c) Find, approximately, an equation of the tangent line at  $x = 4.5$ .  
 (d) Use the tangent line to estimate  $f(4.75)$ .  
 (e) Estimate the derivative of  $f^{-1}$  at 2.

$$f''(4.5) \approx \frac{f'(4.75) - f'(4.5)}{4.75 - 4.5}$$

(a)  $f'(4.25) \approx \frac{4-7}{4.5-4} = \frac{-3}{.5} = \boxed{-6}$

$f'(4.75) \approx \frac{2-4}{0.5} = \frac{-2}{.5} = \boxed{-4}$

(b)  $f''(4.5) \approx \frac{-4 - (-6)}{0.5} = \frac{-4+6}{0.5} = \boxed{4}$

$$\frac{f'(4.75) - f'(4.25)}{0.5} = \frac{-4+6}{0.5} = \boxed{4}$$

(c)  $m = f'(4.5) = -5$ , point  $(4.5, 4)$

$$y - 4 = -5(x - 4.5)$$

$$\boxed{y = -5x + 26.5}$$

(d)  $f(4.75) \approx f(4.5) + f'(4.5)(4.75 - 4.5)$

$$f(4.75) \approx 4 + (-5)(0.25)$$

$$f(4.75) \approx -5 \cdot 4.75 + 26.5$$

$$\boxed{f(4.75) \approx 2.75}$$

(e)  $(f^{-1})'(2) \approx \frac{4.5 - 5.5}{4 - 0} = \frac{-1}{4} = \boxed{-0.25}$

12. On the axes below, sketch a smooth, continuous curve (i.e., no sharp corners, no breaks) which passes through the point  $P(3, 4)$ , and which clearly satisfies the following conditions:

- Concave up to the left of  $P$
- Concave down to the right of  $P$
- Increasing for  $x > 0$
- Decreasing for  $x < 0$
- Does *not* pass through the origin.

